Let the Data Speak for Itself: Developing a New Data Dashboard for a Hanoi Transport Survey

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Hanoi Transport Survey Hanoi : 8 million people, 89% of household own at least one motorbike. Main problems are traffic congestion, air pollution and noise pollution. bespoke survey with responses from **26,000** households. The survey questions consist of three parts: Demographics: age, gender, residency status, occupation.

- Trip data: origin/destination, purpose, vehicle, frequency.
- The dashboard is a front-end tool that will be used to communicate findings of the survey to the policy makers.

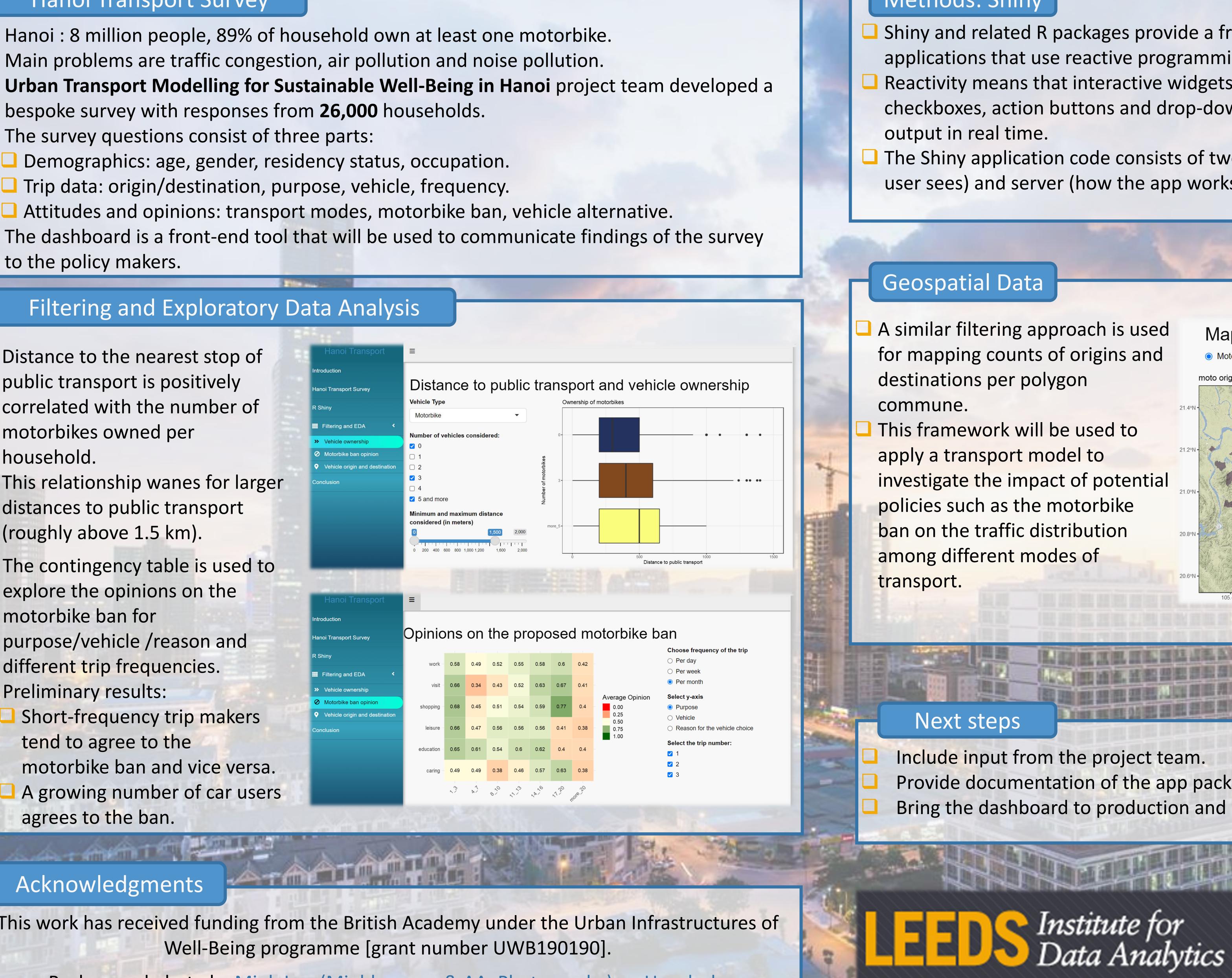
Filtering and Exploratory Data Analysis

Distance to the nearest stop of public transport is positively anoi Transport Survey correlated with the number of Shiny Motorbike Filtering and EDA motorbikes owned per >> Vehicle ownership household. Motorbike ban opinion Vehicle origin and destina This relationship wanes for larger 5 and more distances to public transport (roughly above 1.5 km). The contingency table is used to explore the opinions on the motorbike ban for purpose/vehicle /reason and lanoi Transport Survey different trip frequencies. Filtering and EDA **Preliminary results:** Vehicle ownership Motorbike ban opinion Short-frequency trip makers Vehicle origin and destina tend to agree to the motorbike ban and vice versa. A growing number of car users agrees to the ban.

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Background photo by Minh Luu (Minhluu.com & AA+Photography) on Unsplash.

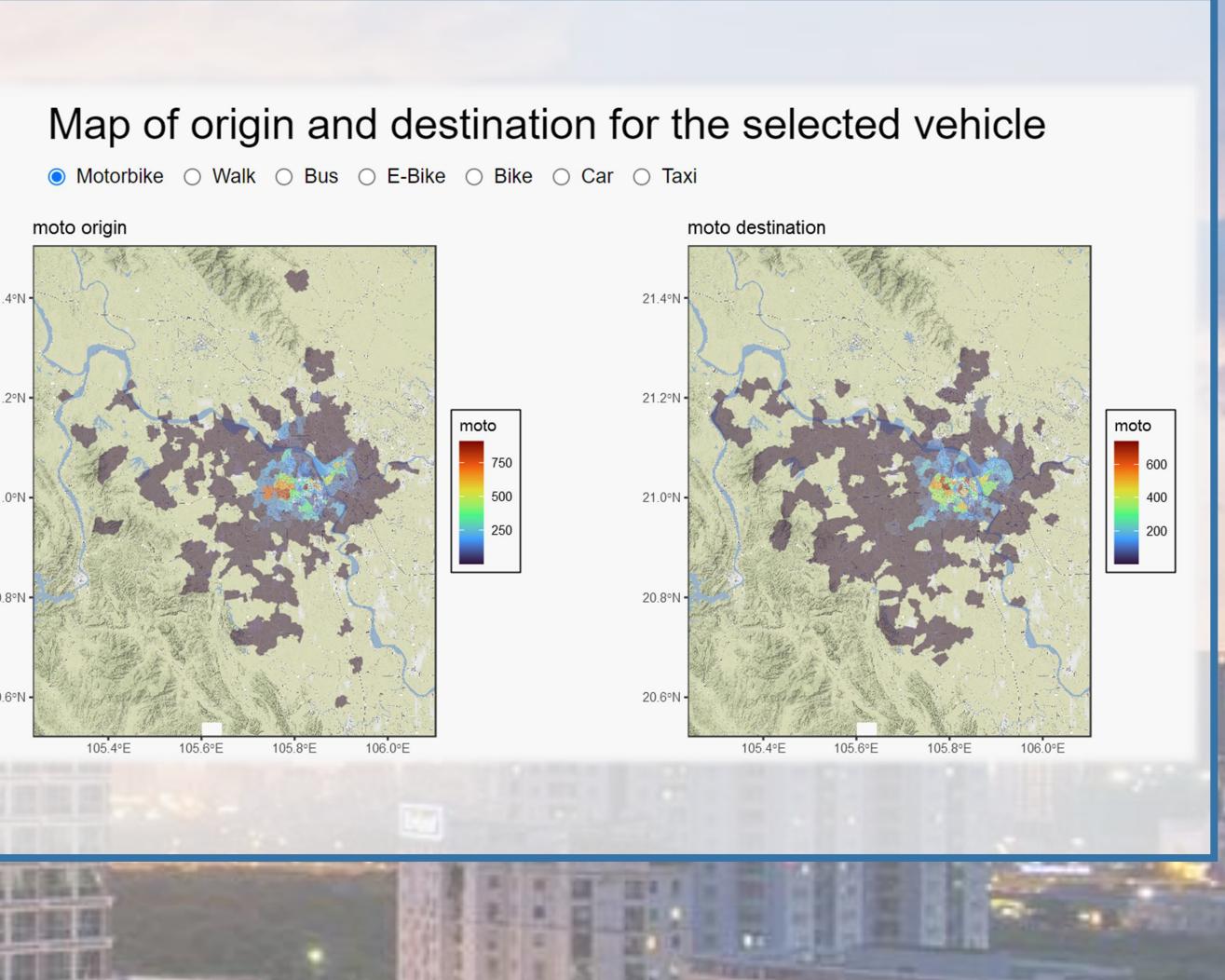


Methods: Shiny

Shiny and related R packages provide a framework for creating web applications that use reactive programming.

Reactivity means that interactive widgets such as radio buttons, checkboxes, action buttons and drop-down menus update the app

The Shiny application code consists of two fundamental parts: user interface (what the user sees) and server (how the app works).



Provide documentation of the app package structure. Bring the dashboard to production and share with policy makers in Vietnam.

Shaping our future with data



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